Annual Report and Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 July 2013

Report of the Members of the Board for the year from 1 August 2012 to 31 July 2013

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OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW NATURE, OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES

The members present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31st July 2013.

Legal Status

The Board was established on 1st April 1993 under the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 for the purpose of conducting South Tyneside College. The College is an exempt charity for the purposes of the Charities Act 2011.

The Board was incorporated as South Tyneside College.

Vision and Mission

Governors reviewed the College's vision and mission statements during 2012/13. The vision statement was agreed to continue as:

"To be an outstanding college providing world class education and training."

And the mission was also maintained as:

"Preparing people for the future."

Implementation of Strategic Plan

In July 2011 the College adopted a strategic plan for the period 1 August 2011 to 31 July 2014.

The strategic plan is reviewed and updated annually. The Board of Governors monitors the performance of the College against these plans. The College's strategic aims are to:

- 1. Provide high quality teaching and learning.
- 2. Create a high quality learning environment.
- 3. Be financially sound, modernise and grow, providing outstanding value for money.
- 4. Provide a curriculum that meets the needs of all stakeholders
- 5. Work in partnership with employers, agencies and the community.

A series of strategic objectives have been developed for each strategic aim for the 2011-2014 plan. These are:

Strategic Objectives

Strategic Aim 1 - Provide high quality teaching and learning

 continue to manage and support the development of teachers in the classroom to ensure teaching and learning is consistently outstanding

- 2. further develop the use of ILT to support teaching and learning
- 3. develop the tutorial programme to ensure the support learners receive is outstanding, demanding targets are set and overseas learners are fully supported
- 4. continually review the teaching of higher-level skills to ensure compliance with the academic infrastructure for higher education
- 5. continue to develop a strong staff development culture where training and development is focused on business needs
- 6. continue to apply the highest professional standards to the employment, development and deployment of the people employed by the College
- 7. develop and utilise externally validated quality systems to underline our commitment to high-quality training

Strategic Aim 2 - Create a high quality learning environment

- 8. maintain the College campus to the highest standards to provide the best environment in which to work and study, review of the College's accommodation needs, making changes and providing new or improved facilities as determined
- 9. develop a cross College timetabling approach to ensure maximum utilisation of College resources allowing funding to be targeted to provide improvements to facilities
- 10. continue to focus on capital funding opportunities to provide new buildings and facilities over the longer term

Strategic Aim 3 – Be financially sound, modernise and grow, providing outstanding value for money

- 11. maintain and develop a strong financial base to support the continued success of the College
- 12. continue to ensure that the College receives and gives good value with the resources at its disposal
- 13. constantly review the organisational structure and delivery models to prepare for changes in funding and to place the College in a position of strength during times of cuts in public sector funding
- 14. develop the College structures and staffing to ensure long-term prosperity by shaping the organisation to be ready to seize the opportunities of growth in the economy
- 15. continue to view the skill mix of staff across the College to ensure the highest levels of quality and value for money
- 16. maintain high levels of technical competence and capability to meet both curriculum and business needs

Strategic Aim 4 - Provide a curriculum that meets the needs of all stakeholders

- 17. offer a comprehensive portfolio of skills training from skills for life to higher-level skills that responds to identified national, regional and local skills needs and be innovative in our offer so that it is proactive to employer needs
- 18. develop and grow the Marine offer to retain our position as a leading provider in maritime training
- 19. develop employer engagement plans for every course to ensure full-time and part-time students at the College have opportunities for employer related work, work experience, visits, talks and placements
- 20. support the unemployed into work through utilisation of special initiatives such as the SFA six-month unemployed programme and its successors
- 21. work with employers and other agencies to develop provision relevant to the skills needs of individuals and businesses and work with relevant agencies and voluntary groups to support individuals preparing to return to work
- 22. seek to increase the number or apprenticeship opportunities available to young people and adults

Strategic Aim 5 - Work in partnership with employers, agencies and the community

- 23. develop current and new marine partnerships to enhance market share in and emphasise their position as a leading provider in maritime training
- 24. work closely with the local authority to support and develop the community strategy to ensure the continued improvement of the lives and aspirations of the residents of the borough
- 25. extend the work of the College to engage more employers across the region and develop partnership opportunities
- 26. work closely with partner schools to offer vocational opportunities, A level partnerships and progression opportunities to develop the post-16 offer in the borough
- 27. work in partnership with schools and other providers to develop and deliver 14-16 provision, creating new curriculum opportunities and working to reduce the number of young people not engaged in employment, education or training (NEETs)
- 28. further develop partnerships with universities to provide opportunities for higher education for local regional and international customers and develop our overseas commercial partnerships
- 29. work closely with the LEP, JobCentre plus, voluntary and partner organisations to develop education and training opportunities for new and emerging employment areas

30. continue to work with statutory and voluntary sector organisations to create learning opportunities for adult learners in the College and by supporting community-based organisations to obtain and manage project funding from a range of sources to plug the gap generated from cuts in SFA funding

The College is making good progress against these objectives and is currently compiling its self-assessment report for 2012/13.

Financial Objectives

The College set itself the following financial objectives for 2012/13:

- 1. maintaining a sound financial base (solvency and liquidity) based on the following:
 - we will maintain cash days of 35 or more at all times
 - we will achieve the operating surplus as budgeted
 - we will have a current ratio of more than 1.4

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- 2. maintain strong financial management by producing management accounts on a monthly basis (excluding August), incorporating an income and expenditure account, balance sheet, 12-month rolling cash flow forecast, capital expenditure, financial performance indicators, staffing information and funding information (including plans)
- 3. maintaining the confidence of funding bodies, suppliers and professional advisors
- 4. improve the College's treasury management by making use of term deposits where possible
- 5. Review costs and income projections in light of the changing financial environment.

The College has achieved all these objectives during 2012/13.

Performance Indicators

FE Choices (formerly the "Framework for Excellence") has four key performance indicators:

- Success Rates
- Learner Destinations
- Satisfaction survey (formerly Learner Views)
- Satisfaction survey (formerly Employer Views)

The College is committed to observing the importance of the measures and indicators.

The financial health is monitored through the completion of the annual finance record for the SFA. The financial health of the College is currently rated as outstanding as per the SFA rating criteria.

FINANCIAL POSITION

In 2012/13, the College achieved an historic cost surplus of £1,231,000 (2011/12: £3,180,000). The operating surplus for the year was £1,274,000 (2011/12: £2,840,000). There was a cash inflow of £2,933,000 (2011/12: £4,601,000) from operating activities. This resulted in a decrease in cash balances of £340,000 (2011/12: increase of £4,533,000) at the year end. At the year end the College retains a positive balance on general reserves (excluding pension reserves) of £10,519,000 (2011/12: £9,138,000).

The College has been improving its financial position in order to invest in the refurbishment of its premises of which it is now on its third phase.

Tangible fixed asset additions during the year were £4,186,000. The main additions are continued investment in the premises at South Shields. The College received a grant of £1,000,000 from SFA towards this work.

The College has significant reliance on the education funding bodies for its principal funding source. In 2012/13 they provided 55% of the College's total income.

The College has one subsidiary company, South Tyneside Training Services Limited, the surplus from which is transferred to the College by gift aid. The sole activity of the company during the year was the lease arrangements for equipment in the marine simulation unit. Company turnover in 2012/13 was £14k and the company made a loss of £1k. The results of the company have been fully consolidated within the financial statements of the College.

Treasury Policies and Objectives

Treasury management is the management of the College's cash flows, its banking, money market and capital market transactions and the effective management of risks associated with those activities. The College has a treasury management policy.

All borrowing is authorised by the College Board of Governors and complies with the requirements of the College financial memorandum. The need for borrowing takes into account the College's operating cash flow needs, investment plans and availability of credit.

Cash Flows

At £2,933,000 (2011/12 £4,601,000) operating cash inflow was strong. £3,051,000 of this cash inflow was used to purchase fixed assets, both equipment purchases and the completion of the second phase of the College's refurbishment programme and the start of the third phase, £340,000 was the decrease in cash in the year and this is due to the continued investment in College buildings

Liquidity

In August 2011 the College took out a £2m loan to help finance its capital refurbishment programme. The balance of the capital cost was met from SFA grants and College reserves.

The College has comfortably met its loan covenant requirements during 2012/13

Payment Performance

The College endeavours to pay all validated invoices within 30 days of the invoice date unless different terms have been agreed with the supplier.

CURRENT AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENT AND PERFORMANCE

Student Numbers

In 2012/13 the College has delivered activity that has produced £13,475,000 in main allocation funding (2011/12: £13,857,000). The College had approximately 6,300 FE funded and 5,400 non FE funded learners.

Student Achievements

Overall success rates rose in 2012/13 to 89% from 87%.

Curriculum Developments

The curriculum offer is reviewed and updated on a regular basis to ensure that provision meets the needs of learners and employers. The College has grown during 2012/13 the range of courses aimed at people who are unemployed and works closely with JC+ to produce an offer that will assist learners into work.

During 2012/13 this review has led to a number of changes in our planning for 2013/14 to take account of funding changes and reductions. This included a decision to not offer AS levels from 2013/14 and A2 from the following year due to the change in demographics and increased competition for A level delivery. The College has revamped its vocational offer to provide an alternative to A levels and to provide an attractive offer that meets the requirements of the new study programmes.

Staff Restructuring

The College continued to review its staffing to ensure that it meets requirements of the curriculum. This meant that 37 staff left the College during the year due to restructuring.

Future Developments

The College continues to look to diversify income streams, increase its Marine provision and the number of international students and to continue to ensure its curriculum meets the needs of young people, adults and employers.

In order to deliver this the College is implementing a property strategy that looks to make the best and best value use of the facilities it has. The College has received all 3 rounds of Enhanced Renewal Grant from the Skills Funding Agency so far towards its refurbishment programme and in November 2013 was successful with its latest bid to the College Capital Investment Fund.

RESOURCES

The College has various resources it can deploy in pursuit of its strategic objectives.

Tangible resources include the South Shields campus and the Marine Safety Training Centre on the South Shields riverside.

The College has £11,585,000 of net assets (including £10,300,000 pension liability).

The College employs 374 people (expressed as Full Time Equivalents (FTEs)) of whom 169 FTE are teaching staff.

REPUTATION

The College has a good and improving reputation locally, nationally and internationally, in particular for its marine courses. Maintaining a quality brand is essential if the College is to continue to attract both local and marine students, where it competes with colleges throughout the UK and overseas.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The College continues to develop and embed the system of internal control, including financial, operational and risk management which is designed to protect the College's assets and reputation.

The Senior Management Team undertakes a review of the risks to which the College is exposed. They identify systems and procedures already in place and additional actions which should mitigate any potential impact on the College. The Senior Executive Group consider the high level risks and the risks of any new areas of work being undertaken by the College.

A high level risk register is maintained which is reviewed by the Audit Committee on an annual basis. The register identifies key risks, the likelihood of those risks occurring, their potential impact on the College and the actions being taken to reduce and mitigate the risks.

Outlined below is a description of the principal risk factors that may affect the College, not all of which are in the College's control. Other factors besides those listed below may also adversely affect the College.

1. Government Funding

The College has significant reliance on continued government funding through further education funding bodies and HEFCE. In 2012/13, 55% of the College's revenue was ultimately public funded and this level of requirement is expected to continue. There can be no assurance that government policy or practice will remain the same or that public funding will continue at the same level or on the same terms.

The College is aware of a number of issues which may impact on future funding:

- The changes in funding for adult provision and the introduction of loans for learners aged 24 plus studying at level 3 or above is likely to reduce the overall funding available to the College. The full impact of these changes for South Tyneside College is not yet known.
- The changes in HE funding has reduced demand from UK companies and for part time HE courses and it is not known if this will continue.
- A new funding mechanism will be introduced in 2013/14 for 16-18 year old learners and it is too soon to determine fully what the impact will be on the College although significant restructuring of the planned curriculum and staffing has taken place during 2012/13

The risk is mitigated in a number of ways:

- Funding is derived through a number of direct and indirect contractual arrangements;
- The College subcontracts some delivery and if funding reduces this can be decreased first reducing the impact on delivery on College premises.
- Ensuring the College continues to improve quality of delivery and success rates both to maximise funding and encourage learners to study at the College;
- A considerable focus is placed on maintaining and managing key relationships with funding bodies;
- Ensuring the College focuses on priority sectors and courses which will continue to benefit from public funding

2. Tuition Fee Policy

The Fee assumption remains at 50% for Further Education but FE loans are introduced in 2013 and the increase in Higher Education fees has occurred. With a large proportion of the College's "H.E." fees being paid by marine employers this had reduced demand from the UK and an increased amount of delivery to overseas learners is taking place.

The risk is mitigated by:

- Ensuring the College continues to improve quality of learning and success rates; and
- Close monitoring of the demand for courses as prices change
- Increased emphasis on credit control to ensure all fees are collected in a timely manner.

3. Maintain adequate funding of pension liabilities

The financial statements report the share of the pension scheme deficit on the College's balance sheet in line with the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard (FRS) 17. The deficit could increase if auto enrolment increases the number of members in the pension scheme.

Accommodation Strategy

Due to government funding cut backs, the College needs to develop its accommodation strategy into something it can fund without significant funding body support, which is challenging given the age and state of the buildings. The risk is that the buildings continue to deteriorate and learners wish to go elsewhere.

The risk is mitigated by:

- The College has closed the Hebburn campus which was in the most need of refurbishment and the site is up for sale with any sales proceeds earmarked to be reinvested in the College estate;
- Ensuring the College promotes the benefits of South Tyneside College;
- Continuing to invest in maintaining and refurbishing our buildings to extend their life, taking advantage of SFA grants wherever possible.

5. Demographic Changes and Increased Competition

The College is entering a period of increased competition for 16-18 places as the number of available places in the Borough increases whilst demographic changes mean the number of 16-18 year olds is decreasing.

The risk is mitigated by:

- Continuing to improve the quality of provision and success rates to encourage learners to the College;
- Promote the College offer to reduce the number of learners who travel out of the Borough to study;
- Working with the schools to improve the offer to young people.

STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIPS

In line with other colleges and universities, South Tyneside College has many stakeholders. These include:

- Students;
- · Education sector funding bodies;
- Staff:
- Local employers;
- Employers in the Marine Industry;
- Local Authorities;
- LEP's
- Jobcentre plus
- The Local Community;
- Other FE Institutions:
- Schools and Universities;
- Trade Unions; and
- Professional Bodies.

The College recognises the importance of these relationships and engages in regular communication with them.

Equal Opportunities and Employment of Disabled Persons

South Tyneside College values and recognises the social and cultural diversity in which it operates and seeks to promote equality, and respect the dignity of all staff and those individuals to whom it provides services. The College aims to provide conditions which encourage everyone to participate in learning and actively combat harassment. The College has a fundamental belief in the right of everyone to be treated with dignity and respect, regardless of: age, disability/learning difficulties, ethnic origin, gender, marital/civil partnership status or domestic responsibilities, religion or belief, sexual orientation, socio economic background, transgender, health (including mental health).

The College's Equal Opportunities Policies are published on the College's Intranet site.

The College welcomes applications from people with disabilities. Where an existing employee becomes disabled, every effort is made to ensure that employment within the College continues. The College's policy is to provide training, career development and opportunities for promotion, which are identical to those for other employees.

Disability Statement

The College seeks to achieve the objectives set down in the Equality Act 2010. The College publishes a Disability Statement annually entitled "A Guide to Access". The statement provides information to organisations, individual enquirers, students and staff about the range of support services and facilities currently available in the College and also includes details of how to access those services. The guide is printed in standard and large print formats and can be made available in Braille and audio formats on request.

 The College conducted a full access audit during 2003/04, and continues to make reasonable adjustments to existing accommodation and to improve access when as part of the College refurbishment programme;

- The College has an Additional Learning Support Co-ordinator, who provides information, advice and arranges support where necessary for students with learning difficulties and disabilities:
- There is a list of specialist equipment, such as radio aids, which the College can make available for use by students and a range of assistive technology is available in the learning centre;
- The admissions policy for all students is published on the intranet. A decision not to offer a place are dealt with under this policy;
- The College has made a significant investment in the appointment of specialist lecturers to support students with learning difficulties and/or disabilities. There are a number of student support assistants who can provide a variety of support for learning. There is a continuing programme of staff development to ensure the provision of a high level of appropriate support for students who have learning difficulties and/or disabilities:
- Specialist programmes are described in College prospectuses, and achievements and destinations are recorded and published;
- Counselling and welfare services are described in the College Student Guide, which is issued to students together with the Complaints and Disciplinary Procedure leaflets at induction; and
- The College has invested significantly in improving its facilities for Learners with Learning Difficulties and Disabilities and doubled the size of its unit to support learners with autism spectrum disorder.

Disclosure of Information to Auditors

Weshie Walton

The members who held office at the date of approval of this report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the College's auditors are unaware; and each member has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the College's auditors are aware of that information.

Approved by order of the members of the Board on 18 December 2013 and signed on its behalf by:

L. Watson Chairman

PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

Bankers

Barclays plc PO Box 378 71 Grey St Newcastle upon Tyne NE99 1JP

Financial statement and regularity auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 89 Sandyford Road Newcastle Upon Tyne NE1 8HW

Internal auditors

KPMG LLP Quayside House 110 Quayside Newcastle Upon Tyne NE1 3DZ

STATEMENT OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The College is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance. This summary describes the manner in which the College has applied the principles set out in the revised UK Corporate Governance Code ("the Code") issued by the FRC in June 2010. Its purpose is to help the reader of the Financial Statements understand how the principles have been applied.

In the opinion of the governors, the College complies with all the provisions of the Code in so far as they apply to the Further Education Sector, and it has complied throughout the year ended 31 July 2013. The Board of Governors recognises that, as a body entrusted with both public and private funds, it has a particular duty to observe the highest standards of corporate governance at all times.

The Board of Governors

The members who served on the Board of Governors (the Board) during the year and subsequent to the year end were as listed below:

| Name | Date of Appointment | Term of Office | Date of Resignation | Status of Appointment | Committees Served |
|--------------|--|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Mr S Boak | October 2012 | 4 years | 17 September 2013 | External Governor | Audit Governance & Search |
| Ms J Branley | July 2010 | 4 years | | External Governor | Quality, Curriculum & Students Governance & Search |
| Mr D Byrne | October 2012 | 4 years | | External Governor | Finance & Resources |
| Mr M De Vies | June 2010 | 4 years | | Staff Governor | Finance & Resources Quality, Curriculum & Students |
| Dr B Malik | October 2006 October 2007 October 2011 | 1 year 4 years 3 years | | External Governor | Audit Governance & Search |
| Ms I Riley | October 2011 October 2012 | 1 year 4 years | 7 January 2013 | External Governor | Quality, Curriculum & Students Governance & Search |

| Ms N Foggin | November 2012 | 1 year | 31 July 2013 | Student Governor | Quality, Curriculum & Students |
|---------------------------|---|--|--------------|----------------------|--|
| Mrs C Smith | October 2007 October 2008 November 2012 | 1 year 4 years 3 years | | External Governor | Quality, Curriculum & Students Governance & Search Audit |
| Mr R Staward | October 2007 October 2008 November 2012 | 1 year 4 years 3 years | | External Governor | Audit Governance & Search |
| Mr L Watson | October 2008 October 2009 October 2013 | 1 year 4 years 3 years | | External Governor | Finance & Resources Quality, Curriculum & Students |
| Mr A Watts | October 2011 October 2012 | 1 year 4 years | | External Governor | Finance & Resources Governance & Search |
| Scott Arundel | November 2012 | 1 year | 31 July 2013 | Student Governor | Quality, Curriculum & Standards |
| Mr N Whalen- Griffiths | August 2012 August 2013 | 1 year 3 years | | External Governor | Audit |
| Mr R Whitelaw | August 2007 July 2008 August 2012 | 1 year 4 years 3 years | | External Governor | Finance & Resources |
| Ms L Whiterod | Oct 2009 | Whilst employed as Principal &Chief Executive | | Principal | Finance & Resources Governance & Search Quality, Curriculum & Students |

It is the Board's responsibility to bring independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standards of conduct.

The Board is provided with regular and timely information at each meeting on the overall financial performance of the College together with information on performance against funding targets, proposed capital expenditure, quality matters, human resource issues and health and safety and environmental issues. The Board meets four times per year for Board Meetings.

The Board conducts its business through a number of committees. Each committee has terms of reference, which have been approved by the Board. These Committees for 2012/13 were Audit; Finance & Resources; Governance and Search; Performance Review; Appraisal; Quality, Curriculum & Students. Full minutes of all meetings, except those deemed to be confidential by the Board are available from Clerk to the Board, South Tyneside College, St. George's Avenue, South Shields, NE34 6ET.

The Clerk maintains a register of financial and personal interests of the Governors. The register is available for inspection at the above address.

All governors are able to take independent professional advice in furtherance of their duties at the College's expense and have access to the Clerk, who is responsible to the Board for ensuring compliance with all applicable procedures and regulations. The appointment, evaluation and removal of the Clerk are matters for the Board as a whole.

Formal agendas, papers and reports are supplied to governors in a timely manner, prior to Board and Committee meetings. Briefings are also provided on an ad-hoc basis.

The Board has an independent non-executive element and no individual or group dominates its decision making process. The Board considers that each of its non-executive members is independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment.

There is a clear division of responsibility in that the roles of the Chairman and Principal & Chief Executive are separate.

Appointments to the Board

Any new appointments to the Board are a matter for the consideration of the Board as a whole. The Board has a Governance & Search Committee which is comprised of 6 members which is responsible for the selection and nomination of new members and for re-appointment of existing members for the Board's consideration. The Board is responsible for ensuring that appropriate training is provided as required.

With the exception of the Principal, Members of the Board are appointed for a term of office not exceeding 4 years.

Performance Review Committee

Throughout the year ended 31 July 2013 the College's Performance Review Committee comprised 5 members. The Committee's responsibilities are to make recommendations to the Board on remuneration and benefits of the Principal, the Clerk to the Corporation and senior post holders.

Details of remuneration for the year ended 31 July 2013 are set out in note 6 to the financial statements.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is comprised of 5 members of the Board (excluding the Principal and Chair). The Committee operates in accordance with written terms of reference approved by the Corporation.

The Audit Committee meets four times per year and provides a forum for reporting by the College's internal and financial statements auditors, who have access to the Committee for independent discussion, without the presence of College management. The Committee also receives and considers reports from the education funding bodies as they affect the College's business.

The College's internal auditors monitor the systems of internal control, risk management controls and governance processes in accordance with an agreed plan of input and report their findings to management and the Audit Committee. Management is responsible for the implementation of agreed recommendations and internal audit undertake periodic follow up reviews to ensure such recommendations have been implemented.

The Audit Committee also advises the Board on the appointment of internal, regularity and financial statements auditors and their remuneration for both audit and non-audit work.

Internal Control

Scope of responsibility

The Board is ultimately responsible for the College's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Principal, as Accounting Officer, for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the College's policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding the public funds and assets for which she is personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to her in the Financial Memorandum between South Tyneside College and the funding bodies. The Principal is also responsible for reporting to the Board any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of College policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in the College for the year ended 31 July 2013 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts.

Capacity to handle risk

The Board has reviewed the key risks to which the College is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Board is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the College's significant risks that has been in place for the year ending 31 July 2013 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and accounts. This process is regularly reviewed by the Board.

The risk and control framework

The system of internal control is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties, and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget, which is reviewed and agreed by the governing body;
- regular reviews by the governing body of periodic and annual financial reports which indicate financial performance against forecasts;
- setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- budgets delegated to Schools and Departments;
- · clearly defined capital investment control guidelines; and
- the adoption of formal project management disciplines, where appropriate.

The College has an internal audit service, which operates in accordance with the requirements of the SFA's Joint Audit Code of Practice. The work of the internal audit service is informed by an analysis of the risks to which the College is exposed, and annual internal audit plans are based on this analysis. The analysis of risks and the internal audit plans are endorsed by the Board on the recommendation of the audit committee. At a minimum annually, the Head of Internal Audit ("HIA") provides the governing body with a report on internal audit activity in the College. The report includes the HIA's independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the College's system of risk management, controls and governance processes.

Review of effectiveness

As Accounting Officer, the Principal has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. Her review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by:

- the work of the internal auditors;
- the work of the executive managers within the College who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework; and
- comments made by the College's financial statements auditors, the regularity auditors, in their management letters and other reports.

The Principal is advised on the implications of the result of her review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the audit committee, which oversees the work of the internal auditor and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

The Senior Management Team receives reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and considers possible control issues brought to their attention by early warning mechanisms, which are embedded within the departments and reinforced by risk awareness training. The senior management team and the audit committee also receive regular reports from internal audit, which include recommendations for improvement. The Audit Committee's role in this area is confined to a high-level review of the arrangements for internal control. The Board's meeting papers include regular consideration of risk and control and receive reports thereon from the senior management team and the Audit Committee. The emphasis is on obtaining the relevant degree of assurance and not merely reporting by exception. At its September 2013 meeting, the Board carried out the annual assessment for the year ended 31 July 2013 by considering documentation from the senior management team and internal audit, and taking account of events since 31 July 2013.

Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the Board considers that the College has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Approved by order of the members of the Board on 18 December 2013 and signed on its behalf by:

L. Watson Chairman

18 December 2013

L. Whiterod Principal

18 December 2013

STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS

The members of the Board of Governors are required to present audited financial statements for each financial year.

Within the terms and conditions of the Financial Memorandum agreed between the Skills Funding Agency (SFA) and the Board of the College, the Board, through its Principal, is required to prepare financial statements for each financial year in accordance with the 2007 Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting for Further and Higher Education Institutions and with the Accounts Direction for 2012/13 issued jointly by the SFA and the EFA which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the College and the result for that year In preparing the financial statements, the Board is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare financial statements on the going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to assume that the College will continue in operation.

The Board is also required to prepare an Operating and Financial Review which describes what it is trying to do and how it is going about it, including the legal and administrative status of the College.

The Board is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the College, and which enable it to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the relevant legislation of incorporation and other relevant accounting standards. It is responsible for taking steps that are reasonably open to it in order to safeguard the assets of the College and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Members of the Board are responsible for ensuring that expenditure and income are applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and that the financial transactions conform to the authorities that govern them. In addition they are responsible for ensuring that funds from the SFA are used only in accordance with the Financial Memorandum with the SFA and any other conditions that the SFA may prescribe from time to time. Members of the Board must ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place in order to safeguard public and other funds and to ensure they are used properly. In addition, members of the Board are responsible for securing economical, efficient and effective management of the College's resources and expenditure, so that the benefits that should be derived from the application of public funds by the SFA are not put at risk.

Approved by order of the members of the Governing Body on 18 December 2013 and signed on its behalf by:

Estic Watton

L. Watson Chairman

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF SOUTH TYNESIDE COLLEGE

We have audited the group and parent institution financial statements (the "financial statements") of South Tyneside College for the year ended 31 July 2013 which comprise the Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account, the Consolidated Statement of Historical Cost Surpluses and Deficits, the Consolidated Statement of Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Consolidated and College Balance Sheets, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Respective responsibilities of Members of the Corporation of South Tyneside College and the auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Responsibilities of the Members of the Corporation, the Corporation are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the institution's Corporation in accordance with Article 22 of the college's articles of government and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and parent institution's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Corporation; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Members' Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group and College's affairs as at 31 July 2013 and of the group's surplus of income over expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting for Further and Higher Education.

Opinion on other matters prescribed in the Audit Code of Practice issued by the Learning and Skills Council

In our opinion:

· proper accounting records have been kept, and

• the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Pricewaterworse Cooper LLP

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Newcastle upon Tyne
19th Deamber 2013

The maintenance and integrity of the South Tyneside College website is the responsibility of the Board; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website.

Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Independent Auditors' Report on Regularity to the Board of Governors of South Tyneside College ('the Board') and the Chief Executive of Skills Funding

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 18 June 2013 and further to the requirements of the Chief Executive of Skills Funding, we have carried out a review to obtain assurance about whether, in all material respects, the expenditure and income of South Tyneside College ('the College') for the year ended 31 July 2013 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to the Board of Governors and the Chief Executive of Skills Funding. Our review work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Board and the Chief Executive of Skills Funding those matters we are required to state to them in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Board and the Chief Executive of Skills Funding, for our review work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the Members of the Board of South Tyneside College and **Auditors**

The College's Board is responsible, under the requirements of the Further & Higher Education Act 1992, subsequent legislation and related regulations, for ensuring that expenditure and income are applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this review are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and the audit guidance set out in the Audit Code of Practice and the Regularity Audit Framework issued by the Learning and Skills Council ('the LSC'). We report to you whether, in our opinion, in all material respects, the College's expenditure and income for the year ended 31 July 2013 have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our review in accordance with the Audit Code of Practice and the Regularity Audit Framework issued by the LSC. Our review included examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the College's income and expenditure.

Opinion

In our opinion, in all material respects the expenditure and income for the year ended 31 July 2013 have been applied to the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Pricewaterhouse Copes LP

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Newcastle upon Tyne

19th December 2013

South Tyneside College Consolidated Income and Expenditure Account

| | Notes | £'000 | 2013 | Ciooo | 2012 |
|---|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|
| INCOME | | £ 000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Funding body grants | 2 | | 16,038 | | 17,389 |
| Tuition fees and education contracts | 3 | | 11,274 | | 9,719 |
| | 3 | | 1,688 | | 1,899 |
| Other income | 4 | | 126 | | 111 |
| Endowment and investment income | 4 | - | 120 | - | |
| Total income | | | 29,126 | | 29,118 |
| EXPENDITURE | | | | | |
| Staff costs | 5 | 15,398 | | 15,466 | |
| Exceptional restructuring costs | 5 | 846 | | 375 | |
| Other operating expenses | 7 | 9,791 | | 8,511 | |
| Depreciation | 10 | 1,698 | | 1,772 | |
| Interest and other finance costs | 8 | 119 | | 154 | |
| Total expenditure | , | | 27,852 | | 26,278 |
| Total experience | | | 21,002 | | 20,270 |
| Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation of tangible fixed assets a valuation and before exceptional items an | at | | | _ | |
| tax | | | 1,274 | | 2,840 |
| (Loss) / Profit on disposal of assets | | | (244) | | 123 |
| | | - | | _ | |
| Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation of tangible fixed assets a valuation, exceptional items and disposal of | at | | | | |
| assets but before tax | | | 1,030 | | 2,963 |
| Surplus for the year retained within general | | - | | - | · · · · · · · · · |
| reserves | 9 | | 1,030 | = | 2,963 |

The income and expenditure account is in respect of continuing activities

There were no operations that were acquired or discontinued by South Tyneside College during the year.

South Tyneside College Consolidated Statement of Historical Cost Surpluses and Deficits

| | Notes | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
|--|-------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| Surplus on continuing operations before taxation | 9 | 1,030 | 2,963 |
| Difference between historical cost depreciation and the actua charge for the year calculated on the revalued amount | ıl 18 | 201 | 217 |
| Historical cost surplus for the year before taxation | _ | 1,231 | 3,180 |
| Historical cost surplus for the year after taxation | | 1,231 | 3,180 |
| Consolidated Statement of Total Recognised G | Sains and | Losses | |
| | Notes | 2013 | 2042 |
| Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation of assets | Notes | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
| Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation of assets at valuation and tax | Notes 9 | | |
| Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation of assets at valuation and tax Unrealised surplus on revaluation of fixed assets | | £'000 | £'000 |
| at valuation and tax | | £'000 | £'000 |
| at valuation and tax Unrealised surplus on revaluation of fixed assets | 9 | £'000 1,030 | £'000 2,963 |
| at valuation and tax Unrealised surplus on revaluation of fixed assets Actuarial gain / (loss) in respect of pension scheme | 9 | £'000 1,030 - 1,450 | £'000 2,963 (3,980) |
| unrealised surplus on revaluation of fixed assets Actuarial gain / (loss) in respect of pension scheme Total recognised gains / (losses) since last report | 9 | £'000 1,030 - 1,450 | £'000 2,963 - (3,980) |
| at valuation and tax Unrealised surplus on revaluation of fixed assets Actuarial gain / (loss) in respect of pension scheme Total recognised gains / (losses) since last report Reconciliation | 9 | £'000 1,030 - 1,450 - 2,480 | £'000 2,963 (3,980) (1,017) |

6,142

3,662

Closing reserves and endowments

South Tyneside College Balance sheets as at 31 July 2013

| | Notes | Group | College | Group | College |
|--|----------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | 2013 £'000 | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
| Fixed assets Tangible assets Investments | 10 11 | 19,017 | 19,017 2 | 16,986 - | 16,986 2 |
| Total fixed assets | - | 19,017 | 19,019 | 16,986 | 16,988 |
| Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand | 12 | 1,204 8,709 | 1,204 8,707 | 894 9,049 | 894 9,047 |
| Total current assets | _ | 9,913 | 9,911 | 9,943 | 9,941 |
| Less: Creditors – amounts falling due within one year | 13 _ | (5,379) | (5,379) | (4,815) | (4,815) |
| Net current assets | _ | 4,534 | 4,532 | 5,128 | 5,126 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 23,551 | 23,551 | 22,114 | 22,114 |
| Less: Creditors – amounts falling due after more than one year | 14 | 1,598 | 1,598 | 1,867 | 1,867 |
| Less: Provisions for liabilities | 16 | 68 | 68 | E | = |
| Net assets excluding pension liability | - | 21,885 | 21,885 | 20,247 | 20,247 |
| Net pension liability | 25 | (10,300) | (10,300) | (11,600) | (11,600) |
| NET ASSETS INCLUDING PENSION LIABILITY | _ | 11,585 | 11,585 | 8,647 | 8,647 |
| | | | | | |
| Deferred capital grants | 17 _ | 5,443 | 5,443 | 4,985 | 4,985 |
| Reserves | | | | | |
| Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve Pension reserve | 19 25 | 10,519 (10,300) | 10,519 (10,300) | 9,138 (11,600) | 9,138 (11,600) |
| Income and expenditure account including pension reserve | 19 | 219 | 219 | (2,462) | (2,462) |
| Revaluation reserve | 18 | 5,923 | 5,923 | 6,124 | 6,124 |
| Total reserves | - | 6,142 | 6,142 | 3,662 | 3,662 |
| TOTAL FUNDS | | 11,585 | 11,585 | 8,647 | 8,647 |

The financial statements on pages 23 to 48 were approved by the Board on 18 December 2013 and were signed on its behalf on that date by:

L Watson Chair L Whiterod Principal

South Tyneside College Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

| | Notes | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
|--|----------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Cash inflow from operating activities | 20 | 2,933 | 4,601 |
| Returns on investments and servicing of finance | 21 | 47 | 27 |
| Capital expenditure and financial investment | 22 | (3,051) | (1,972) |
| Financing | 23 | (269) | 1,877 |
| (Decrease) / Increase in cash in the year | 24 | (340) | 4,533 |
| Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds | | | |
| (Decrease) / Increase in cash in the period Cash inflow from new secured loan Loan repayment in year | 23 23 | (340) - 269 | 4,533 (2,000) 123 |
| Movement in net funds in the period | | (71) | 2,656 |
| Net funds at 1 August | 24 | 6,913 | 4,257 |
| Net funds at 31 July | | 6,842 | 6,913 |

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2013

1. Statement of principal accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to both the College and the Consolidated Group financial statements.

Basis of Preparation

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP): *Accounting in Further and Higher Education 2007* and in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards. They conform to guidance published jointly by the Skills Funding Agency and the EFA in the 2012/13 Accounts Direction.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of certain freehold land and buildings and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Going Concern

The activities of the College, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and performance are set out in the Operating and Financial Review. The financial position of the College, its cash flow, liquidity and borrowings are described in the Financial Statements and accompanying Notes.

The College took out a £2m loan in August 2011 for 10 years. The College's forecasts and financial projections indicate it will be able to operate within this facility and covenants for the foreseeable future.

Accordingly the College has a reasonable expectation that it has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and for this reason will continue to adopt the going concern basis in the preparation of financial statements.

Consolidation of subsidiary undertaking

The College owns a 100% interest in its subsidiary undertaking, South Tyneside Training Services Limited. These financial statements are prepared on a consolidated basis with the addition of a non-consolidated balance sheet for the College. In accordance with FRS 2, intragroup sales and profits are eliminated fully on consolidation.

Recognition of Income

The recurrent grants from HEFCE represents the funding allocations attributable to the current financial year and are credited direct to the income and expenditure account.

Funding body recurrent grants are recognised in line with best estimates for the period of what is receivable and depend on the particular income stream involved. Any under

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2013 CONTINUED

Statement of principal accounting policies (continued)

or over achievement for the Adult Skills Budget is adjusted for and reflected in the level of recurrent grant recognised in the income and expenditure account. The final grant income is normally determined with the conclusion of the year end reconciliation process with the funding body at the end of November following the year end, and the results of any funding audits. 16-18 learner-responsive funding is not normally subject to reconciliation and is therefore not subject to contract adjustments.

Income from Tuition Fees is recognised in the period to which it relates and includes all fees chargeable to students or their sponsors. Income from contracts and other services rendered is included to the extent of the completion of the contract or service concerned.

All income from short-term deposits is credited to the income and expenditure account in the period in which it is earned.

Non- recurrent grants from funding bodies or other bodies received in respect of the acquisition or construction of fixed assets are treated as deferred capital grants and amortised in line with the depreciation over the life of the assets.

Maintenance of Premises

The cost of routine corrective maintenance is charged to the income and expenditure account in the period it is incurred.

Foreign Currency Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction.

Post Retirement Benefits

Retirement benefits for employees of the College are provided by The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) and the Tyne and Wear Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS). These are defined benefit schemes which are externally funded and contracted out of the State Earnings Related Pension Scheme.

Contributions to the schemes are charged to the income and expenditure account so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the College in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of present and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by qualified actuaries on the basis of quinquennial valuations using a prospective benefit method. As stated in note 25, the TPS is a multi employer scheme and the College is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the schemes on a consistent and reasonable basis. The scheme is therefore treated as defined contribution schemes and the contributions recognised as they are paid each year.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2013 CONTINUED

Statement of principal accounting policies (continued)

The assets of the LGPS are measured using closing market values. LGPS liabilities are measured using the projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liability. The increase in the present value of the liabilities of the scheme expected to arise from employee service in the period is charged to operating surplus. The expected return on the scheme's assets and the increase during the period in the present value of these schemes liabilities, arising from the passage of time, are included in pension finance costs. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

Tangible Fixed Assets

The College's policy is to carry all assets at historical cost, except for inherited assets which are included on the balance sheet at a valuation existing at 31 July 1999 when the College implemented FRS 15 for the first time. These values are retained subject to the requirement to test assets for impairment in accordance with FRS 11.

a. Land and Buildings

The College's buildings are specialised buildings and therefore it is not appropriate to value them on the basis of open market value. Land and buildings inherited from the Local Education Authority are stated in the balance sheet at valuation on the basis of depreciated replacement cost or the open market value for existing use where this is readily obtainable. Land and buildings acquired since incorporation are included in the balance sheet at cost.

The roofs on freehold buildings are categorised as discrete assets, separate from the remainder of the building. Roofs are depreciated over 15 years whereas the remaining buildings are depreciated to residual value over their expected useful economic life to the College.

The useful economic life (at the time of valuation) for inherited buildings varies between 10 and 40 years according to the assessment by the valuing surveyor. Buildings purchased or constructed since incorporation and are not part of the current building programme are depreciated as follows.

Roofing 15 years
Refurbishment of existing buildings 15 to 40 years
New Buildings 40 years

Purchased buildings Assessment of economic life

Freehold land is not depreciated.

Where land and buildings are acquired with the aid of specific grants they are capitalised and depreciated as above. The related grants are credited to a deferred capital grant account and are released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful economic life of the related asset on a basis consistent with the depreciation policy.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2013 CONTINUED

1. Statement of principal accounting policies (continued)

Finance costs, which are directly attributable to the construction of land and buildings, are not capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the fixed asset may not be recoverable.

The College has a minor capital works plan and refurbishment policy for the development of its estates.

Assets under construction are accounted for at cost, based on the value of architects certificates and other direct costs incurred to 31st July. They are not depreciated until they are brought into use.

b. Equipment

Equipment costing less than £1,000 per item is written off to the income and expenditure account in the period of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised at cost. Equipment inherited from the Local Education Authority is included in the balance sheet at valuation, cost less depreciation, or depreciated replacement cost.

Equipment is depreciated on a straight line basis over its useful economic life as follows:

Vehicles

5 years

Computing Equipment

3 - 5 years

Marine Simulation Unit

up to 15 years

Other Equipment

up to 10 years

Where equipment is acquired with the aid of specific grants it is capitalised and depreciated in accordance with the above policy, with the related grant being credited to a deferred capital grant account and released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful economic life of the related equipment.

c Heritage Assets

The College has a number of historical artefacts and these are included at valuation. Professional valuations are carried out every 5 years with changes in value being charged to the revaluation reserve. The College does not depreciate these assets due to their nature. The assets consist of a variety of objects of interest left to the College including paintings, maritime instruments (including telescopes, globes, sextants etc.), models of ships, trophies, technical books and documents. These assets have been donated to the College who maintain them and many of which are used for display purposes around the College. The College uses these as part of a permanent collection and does not hold them for trading purposes.

Leased Assets

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Leasing agreements that transfer to the College substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership of an asset are treated as if the asset had been purchased outright. The assets are included in fixed assets and the capital element of the leasing commitments is shown as

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2013 CONTINUED

1. Statement of principal accounting policies (continued)

obligations under finance leases. The lease rentals are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The capital element is applied to reduce the outstanding obligations and the interest element is charged to the income and expenditure account in proportion to the reducing capital element outstanding. Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or useful economic lives of the equivalent owned assets.

Taxation

The College is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1, Schedule 6, Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes. Accordingly the College is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3, Part 11 Corporation Tax Act 2010 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes.

The College is partially exempt in respect of Value Added Tax, so that it can only recover a minor element of VAT charged on its input. Irrecoverable VAT on inputs is included in the costs of such inputs and added to the cost of tangible fixed assets as appropriate, where the inputs themselves are tangible fixed assets by nature.

The College's subsidiary company is subject to corporation tax and VAT in the same way as any commercial organisation.

Liquid Resources

Liquid resources include sums on short-term deposits with recognised banks and building societies.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the College has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit

will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

Agency arrangements

The College acts as an agent in the collection and payment of Discretionary Support Funds and Bursaries. Related payments received from the funding bodies and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the Income and Expenditure account and are shown separately in note 30, except for the 5 per cent of the grant received which is available to the College to cover administration costs relating to the grant.

2 Funding council grants

Other investment income

Total

| | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
|--|--|--|
| YPLA / EFA recurrent grant SFA recurrent grant Recurrent grant - HEFCE YPLA / EFA non recurrent grants SFA non recurrent grant Releases of deferred capital grants (note 17) | 9,299 4,176 1,457 295 450 361 | 9,707 4,150 2,415 505 315 297 |
| Total | 16,038 | 17,389 |
| 3 Tuition fees and education contracts Tuition fees Education contracts | 2013 £'000 9,925 1,349 | 2012 £'000 8,338 1,381 |
| Total | 11,274 | 9,719 |
| Tuition fees funded by bursaries | | |
| Included within the above amounts are tuition fees funded by bursaries of | £nil (2011/12 £3 | 35,000). |
| 4 Endowment and investment income | | |
| | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |

126

126

111

111

5 Staff costs

The average number of persons (including senior post-holders) employed by the College during the year, described as full-time equivalents, was:

| | 2013 No. | 2012 No. |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Teaching staff Non teaching staff | 169 205 | 176 205 |
| Staff costs for the above persons | 2013 | 2012 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs (including FRS 17 adjustments of £110,000 – 2012 £20,000) | 11,198 823 1,621 | 11,803 864 1,615 |
| Payroll sub total Contracted out staffing services | 13,642 1,756 | 14,282 1,184 |
| Exceptional restructuring costs | 15,398 846 | 15,466 375 |
| | 16,244 | 15,841 |

The number of senior post-holders and other staff who received emoluments, excluding pension contributions but including benefits in kind, in the following ranges was:

| | Senior post | t-holders | Other | staff |
|----------------------|-------------|-----------|-------|-------|
| | 2013 | 2012 | 2013 | 2012 |
| | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| £60,001 to £70,000 | | - | 1 | 1 |
| £70,001 to £80,000 | | | 1 | - |
| £80,001 to £90,000 | 1 | 2 | - | - |
| £90,001 to £100,000 | 1 | =: | - | - |
| £100,001 to £110,000 | - | - | - | - |
| £110,001 to £120,000 | = √ | 1 | | - |
| £120,001 to £130,000 | - | _ | = | - |
| £130,001 to £140,000 | 1 | - | | |
| | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| | | | | |

6 Senior post-holders' emoluments

Senior post-holders are defined as the Principal and holders of the other senior posts whom the Governing Body has selected for the purposes of the articles of government of the College relating to the appointment and promotion of staff who are appointed by the Governing Body.

| | 2013 No. | 2012 No. |
|---|----------------|---------------|
| The number of senior post-holders including the Principal was: | 3 | 3 |
| Senior post-holders' emoluments are made up as follows: | | |
| | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
| Salaries Pension contributions | 313 46 | 288 42 |
| Total emoluments | 359 | 330 |
| The above emoluments include amounts payable to the Principal (who is senior post-holder) of: | also the highe | st paid |
| | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
| Salaries | 139 | 123 |
| | 139 | 123 |
| Pension contributions | 20 | 17 |

The pension contributions in respect of the Principal and senior post-holders are in respect of employer's contributions to the Teachers' Pension Scheme and Local Government Pension Scheme and are paid at the same rate as for other employees.

The members of the Board other than the Principal and the staff member did not receive any payment from the institution other than the reimbursement of travel and subsistence expenses incurred in the course of their duties.

| 7 | Other | operating | expenses |
|---|-------|-----------|----------|
|---|-------|-----------|----------|

| 7 Other operating expenses | | |
|---|-----------------|-------|
| F (0) | 2013 | 2012 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Teaching costs | 4,840 | 2,902 |
| Non teaching costs | 2,935 | 3,508 |
| Premises costs | 2,016 | 2,101 |
| Tromicos coste | | 2,101 |
| Total | 9,791 | 8,511 |
| | | |
| Other operating expenses include: | 2013 | 2012 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Auditors' remuneration: | | |
| Financial statements audit | 23 | 23 |
| STTS Financial statements audit | 1 | 1 |
| Internal audit | 30 | 29 |
| Other services provided by the financial statements auditors | 2 | 2 |
| Other services provided by the internal auditors | 25 | 16 |
| Hire of plant and machinery – operating leases | 962 | 523 |
| Hire of other assets – operating leases | 34 | 40 |
| Time of other access operating testers | | |
| O leterate and other finance costs | | |
| 8 Interest and other finance costs | 2042 | 0040 |
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Describe whell a result is more than fire years | 70 | 0.4 |
| Repayable wholly or partly in more than five years | 79 | 84 |
| | 79 | 84 |
| | 40 | 70 |
| Pension finance costs (note 25) | 40 | 70 |
| | | |
| Total | 119 | 154 |
| | | |
| | | |
| 9 Surplus on continuing operations for the period | | |
| The currely on continuing energtions for the year is made up as | | |
| The surplus on continuing operations for the year is made up as | | |
| follows: | 2042 | 2042 |
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| O. H. and a second or for the second | 1.000 | 0.000 |
| College's surplus for the year | 1,030 | 2,963 |
| | | |
| | g. substitution | |
| Total | 1,030 | 2,963 |

10 Tangible fixed assets (Group and College)

| | Land and buildings | Heritage | Equipment | Total |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|
| Cost or valuation | Freehold £'000 | Assets £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| At 1 August 2012 | 30,769 | 319 | 8,030 | 39,118 |
| Additions Disposals | 3,662 (100) | - | 524 (4,341) | 4,186 (4,441) |
| At 31 July 2013 | 34,331 | 319 | 4,213 | 38,863 |
| Depreciation At 1 August 2012 | 16,678 | - | 5,454 | 22,132 |
| Charge for the year | 1,088 | | 610 | 1,698 |
| Elimination in respect of disposals | (76) | *** | (3,908) | (3,984) |
| At 31 July 2013 | 17,690 | | 2,156 | 19,846 |
| Net book value at 31 July 2013 | 16,641 | 319 | 2,057 | 19,017 |
| Net book value at 31 July 2012 | 14,091 | 319 | 2,576 | 16,986 |

The transitional rules set out in FRS 15 Tangible Fixed Assets have been applied on implementing FRS15 accordingly, the book values at implementation have been retained.

Inherited land and buildings were valued at depreciated replacement cost or open market value for existing use by a firm of independent chartered surveyors. Other tangible fixed assets inherited from the Local Education Authority at set up have been valued by the Corporation on a depreciated replacement cost basis.

Tangible fixed assets - heritage assets

The College owns a wide variety of heritage assets, many of which are associated with the College's marine history. Some of these heritage assets are antiques which were previously used in teaching and some of these assets have been donated by sponsors. Examples of heritage assets owned by the college include paintings, display models of ships and navigational equipment. These assets are on display across the College and are the responsibility of the Vice Principal - Maritime and Higher Education

| | Group and college |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cost or valuation | £'000 |
| 1 August 2012 | 319 |
| Disposals | - |
| Revaluation | - |
| | |
| 31 July 2013 | 319 |
| | |

The college's external valuer, Anderson & Garland, carried out a full revaluation of the college's heritage assets as at 31 July 2011. The revaluation of these assets was based on valuation for insurance purposes. Gains on revaluation of assets to the value of £205,000 have been recognised, notably £50,000 on a 16 inch equatorial reflecting telescope, with these gains being recognised in the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses.

| 11 Investments | College 2013 £'000 | College 2012 £'000 |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Investments in subsidiary companies | 2 | 2 |
| | | |
| Total | 2 | 2 |

The College owns 100% of the £1 issued ordinary shares of South Tyneside Training Services Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The interest in the company was acquired on 22 March 1994 for £2,500 cash. The principal activity of the company is the leasing of equipment. The financial statements of the company have been consolidated with those of the College in the preparation of these financial statements.

The Board believes that the carrying value of the investment is supported by their underlying net assets.

| 12 Debtors | Group | College 2013 | Group | College |
|---|--|---|---|---|
| | 2013 £'000 | £'000 | 2012 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
| Amounts falling due within one year: | 2 000 | 2 000 | £ 000 | 2.000 |
| Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings: | 540 | 499 | 570 | 530 |
| Subsidiary undertakings | - | 41 | - 2 | 40 |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 664 | 664 | 324 | 324 |
| | | | | |
| Total | 1,204 | 1,204 | 894 | 894 |
| | | | | |
| 13 Creditors: amounts falling due with | in one year Group 2013 £'000 | College 2013 £'000 | Group 2012 £'000 | College 2012 £'000 |
| 13 Creditors: amounts falling due with Bank loans and overdrafts | Group 2013 | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | Group 2013 £'000 | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
| Bank loans and overdrafts | Group 2013 £'000 | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
| Bank loans and overdrafts Payments received in advance | Group 2013 £'000 269 1,724 | 2013 £'000 269 1,724 | 2012 £'000 269 1,456 | 2012 £'000 269 1,456 |
| Bank loans and overdrafts Payments received in advance Trade creditors | Group 2013 £'000 269 1,724 663 | 2013 £'000 269 1,724 663 | 2012 £'000 269 1,456 1,084 | 2012 £'000 269 1,456 1,084 |
| Bank loans and overdrafts Payments received in advance Trade creditors Other taxation and social security | Group 2013 €'000 269 1,724 663 247 | 2013 £'000 269 1,724 663 247 | 2012 £'000 269 1,456 1,084 256 | 2012 £'000 269 1,456 1,084 256 |

| 14 Creditors: amounts falling due after | er one year | | | |
|---|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| | Group 2013 | College 2013 | Group 2012 | College 2012 |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Bank loans | 1,561 | 1,561 | 1,756 | 1,756 |
| Other loans Other creditor | 37 | 37 | 111 | 111 |
| Other creditor | | - | | 7- |
| | | | | |
| Total | 1,598 | 1,598 | 1,867 | 1,867 |
| 15 Borrowings | | | | |
| (a) Bank loans and overdrafts | | | | |
| Bank loans and overdrafts are repayable a | s follows: | | | |
| , , | Group | College | Group | College |
| | 2013 | 2013 | 2012 | 2012 |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| In one year or less | 269 | 269 | 269 | 269 |
| Between one and two years | 232 | 232 | 269 | 269 |
| Between two and five years | 585 | 585 | 622 | 622 |
| In five years or more | 781 | 781 | 976 | 976 |

An interest free loan of £286,000 from Salix Finance was agreed to finance energy efficient boilers and computers, of which £111,000 remains repayable over a period of 2 years. The College also took out a £2,000,000 loan with Barclays to help finance its capital refurbishment programme. This loan is repayable over a period of 10 years with 9 years remaining.

1,867

1,867

2,136

2,136

16 Provisions for liabilities and charges

Total

| | Group a | Group and College | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| | Restructuring £'000 | Total £'000 | | |
| At 1 August 2012 | 0 | 0 | | |
| Transferred from income and expenditu | re 68 | 68 | | |
| At 31 July 2013 | 68 | 68 | | |

| 17 | Deterred | capitai | grants |
|----|----------|---------|--------|
| | | | |

| 17 Deferred capital grants | Gr funding body grants | oup and College Other grants | Total |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| At 1 August 2012 | £'000 3,838 | £'000 1,147 | £'000 4,985 |
| Cash received | 1,094 | 41 | 1,135 |
| Released to income and expenditure account | (361) | (103) | (464) |
| Accelerated release of capital grants | - | (213) | (213) |
| At 31 July 2012 | 4,571 | 872 | 5,443 |
| 18 Revaluation reserve | | | |
| Group and College | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 | |
| At 1 August | 6,124 | 6,341 | |
| Transfer from revaluation reserve to general reserve in respect of: Depreciation on revalued assets | (201) | (217) | |
| At 31 July | 5,923 | 6,124 | |
| 19 Movement on general reserves | -, | | |
| Group and College | 2013 | 2012 | |
| Group and conego | £'000 | £'000 | |
| Income and expenditure account reserve At 1 August | (2,462) | (1,662) | |
| Surplus retained for the year Transfer from revaluation reserve | 1,030 201 | 2,963 217 | |
| Actuarial gain / (loss) in respect of pension scheme | 1,450 | (3,980) | |
| At 31 July | 219 | (2,462) | |
| Balance represented by: Pension reserve Income and expenditure account reserve excluding pension | (10,300) | (11,600) | |
| reserve | 10,519 | 9,138 | |
| At 31 July | 219 | (2,462) | |

| 20 Reconciliation of consolidated operating surplus to operating activities | o net cash | inflow from |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
| | 2 000 | 2 000 |
| Surplus on continuing operations after depreciation of assets at | | |
| valuation | 1,274 | 2,840 |
| Depreciation (note 10) | 1,698 | 1,772 |
| Deferred capital grants released to income (note 17) | (464) | (470) |
| Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets | - | 123 |
| Interest payable (note 8) Interest receivable (note 4) | 79 | 84 |
| FRS 17 pension finance income | (126) | (111) |
| (Increase) / Decrease in debtors | 150 | 70 |
| Increase in creditors | (310) 564 | 382 |
| (Decrease) / increase in provisions | 68 | 56 |
| (20010000) / morodoo m proviotorio | 00 | (145) |
| Net cash inflow from operating activities | 2,933 | 4,601 |
| 21 Returns on investments and servicing of finance | | |
| resume on invocations and servicing of infance | 2013 | 2012 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| | | 2 000 |
| Other interest received | 126 | 111 |
| Interest paid | (79) | (84) |
| | | 11/03 |
| Net cash inflow from returns on investment and servicing of | 47 | 27 |
| finance | | |
| 22 Capital expenditure and financial investment | | |
| 22 Suprial experience and maneral investment | 2013 | 2012 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| | 2 000 | £ 000 |
| Purchase of tangible fixed assets | (4,186) | (3,076) |
| Deferred capital grants received | 1,135 | 1,104 |
| | 50 | W • 9050 D |
| Net cash outflow from capital expenditure and financial | | |
| investment | (3,051) | (1,972) |
| | | |

23 Financing

| Debt due beyond a year: | | | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
|---|----------------|-------|---------------|----------------|
| New unsecured loans repayable by 2022 Repayment of amounts borrowed | | | (269) | 2,000 (123) |
| Net cash (outflow) / inflow from financing | | - | (269) | 1,877 |
| 24 Analysis of changes in net funds | | | | |
| | At 1 | Cash | Other | At 31 July |
| | August 2012 | flows | changes | 2013 |
| | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 | £'000 |
| Cash in hand, and at bank | 9,049 | (340) | - | 8,709 |
| | 9,049 | (340) | - | 8,709 |
| Debt due within 1 year | (269) | | | (269) |
| Debt due after 1 year | (1,867) | 269 | - | (1,598) |
| Total | 6,913 | (71) | | 6,842 |

25 Pension and similar obligations

The College's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff, and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is administered by Tyne and Wear Pension fund. Both are defined-benefit schemes.

| Total pension cost for the year | | 2013 £'000 | | 2012 £'000 |
|--|-----|---------------|-----|---------------|
| Teachers Pension Scheme: contributions paid Local Government Pension Scheme: | | 864 | | 920 |
| Contributions paid | 650 | | 680 | |
| FRS 17 charge | 760 | | 700 | |
| Charge to the Income and Expenditure Account (staff costs) | 1 | | | |
| | | 1,410 | | 1,380 |
| | _ | | | |
| Total Pension Cost for Year | | 2,274 | _ | 2,300 |

The pension costs are assessed in accordance with the advice of independent qualified actuaries. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS was 31 March 2004 and of the LGPS 31 March 2010.

Contributions amounting to £115,000 (2012: £180,000) were payable to the scheme and are included in creditors.

25 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Teachers' Pension Scheme ("TPS") is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme. The regulations underwhich the TPS operates are the Teachers' Pensions Regulations 2010. These regulations apply to teachers in schools and other educational establishments in England and Wales maintained by local authorities, to teachers in many independent and voluntary-aided schools, and to teachers and lecturers in establishments of further and higher education. Membership is automatic for full-time teachers and lecturers and from 1 January 2007 automatic too for teachers and lecturers in part-time employment following appointment or a change of contract. Teachers and lecturers are able to opt out of the TPS.

The Teachers' Pension Budgeting and Valuation Account

Although teachers and lecturers are employed by various bodies, their retirement and other pension benefits, including annual increases payable under the Pensions (Increase) Acts are, as provided for in the Superannuation Act 1972, paid out of monies provided by Parliament. Under the unfunded TPS, teachers' contributions on a 'pay-as-you-go' basis, and employers' contributions, are credited to the Exchequer governed by the above Act.

The Teachers' Pensions Regulations require an annual account, the Teachers' Pension Budgeting and Valuation Account, to be kept of receipts and expenditure (including the cost of pensions' increases). From 1 April 2001, the Account has been credited with a real rate of return (in excess of price increases and currently set at 3.5%), which is equivalent to assuming that the balance in the Account is invested in otional investments that produce that real rate of return.

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

Not less than every four years the Government Actuary ("GA"), using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions.

The contribution rate paid into the TPS is assessed in two parts. First, a standard contribution rate ("SCR") is determined. This is the contribution, expressed as a percentage of the salaries of teachers and lecturers in service or entering service during the period over which the contribution rate applies, which if it were paid over the entire active service of these teachers and lecturers would broadly defray the cost of benefits payable in respect of that service. Secondly, a supplementary contribution is payable if, as a result of the actuarial investigation, it is the notional fund built up from past contributions. The total contribution rate payable is the sum of the past and present teachers, are not fully covered by standard contributions to be paid in future and by found that accumulated liabilities of the Account for benefits to SCR and the supplementary contribution rate.

The last valuation of the TPS related to the period 1 April 2001 - 31 March 2004. The GA's report of October 2006 revealed that the total liabilities of the Scheme (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) amounted to £166,500 millions. The value of the assets (estimated future contributions together with the proceeds from the notional investments held at the valuation date) was £163,240 millions. The assumed real rate of return is 3.5% in excess of prices and 2% in excess of earnings. The rate of real earnings growth is assumed to be 1.5%. The assumed gross rate of return is

As from 1 January 2007, and as part of the cost-sharing agreement between employers' and teachers' representatives, the SCR was assessed at 19.75%, and the supplementary contribution rate was assessed to be 0.75% (to balance assets and liabilities as required by the regulations within 15 years). This resulted in a total contribution rate of 20.5%, which translated into an employee contribution rate of 6.4% and employer contribution rate of 14.1% payable. The cost-sharing agreement also introduced – effective for the first time for the 2008 valuation – a 14% cap on employer contributions payable.

25 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

Scheme Changes

From 1 April 2012 to 31 March 2013, the employee contribution rate will range between 6.4% and 8.8%, depending on a member's Full Time Equivalent salary. Further changes to the employee contribution rate will be applied in 2013-14 and 2014-15.

Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. Many of these are being discussed in the context of the design for a reformed TPS, as set out in the Proposed Final Agreement, and scheme valuations are, therefore, currently suspended. The Government, however, has set out a future process for determining the employer contribution rate under the new scheme, and this process will involve a full actuarial valuation.

The Proposed Final Agreement can be found at:

http://media.education.gov.uk/assets/files/ppt/t/tps%20proposed%20final%20agreement.pdf

The pension costs paid to TPS in the year amounted to £1,354,000 (2012: £1,363,000)

FRS 17

Under the definitions set out in Financial Reporting Standard (FRS 17) Retirement Benefits, the TPS is a multi-employer pension scheme. The College is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme.

Accordingly, the College has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS17 and has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined-contribution scheme. The College has set out above the information available on the scheme and the implications for the College in terms of the anticipated contribution rates.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined-benefit scheme, with the assets held in separate funds adminstered by South Tyneside Local Authority. The total contribution made for the year ended 31 July 2013 was £785,127, of which employer's contributions totalled £600,056 and employees' contributions totalled £185,072. The agreed contribution rates for future years are 14.9 per cent for employers and range from 5.5% to 7.5% cent for employees.

FRS 17

| Principal Actuarial Assumptions | At 31 July 2013 | At 31 July 2012 |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| Rate of increase in salaries | 4.60% | 4.60% |
| Rate of increase for pensions in payment / inflation | 2.70% | 2.10% |
| Discount rate for scheme liabilities | 4.50% | 4.10% |
| Inflation assumption (CPI) | 2.70% | 2.10% |
| Commutation of pensions to lump sums | | |

25 Pension and similar obligations (continued) Scheme Changes

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:

| Retiring today | At 31 July 2013 | At 31 July 2012 |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Males Females | 21.70 23.90 | 21.60 23.80 |
| Retiring in 20 years Males Females | 23.50 25.80 | 23.40 25.70 |

Local Government Pension Scheme (continued)

The college's estimated share of the assets and liabilities in the scheme and the expected rates of return were:

| | Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2013 | Value at 31 July 2013 | Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2012 | Value at 31 July 2012 |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| | | £'000 | | £'000 |
| Equities Government bonds Corporate Bonds Property Cash Other | 7.80% 3.30% 4.00% 7.30% 0.90% 7.80% | 14,892 805 2,594 1,990 514 1,565 | 7.50% 2.50% 3.20% 7.00% 1.40% 6.50% | 12,514 1,386 2,298 1,709 361 722 |
| Total market value of assets Present value of scheme liabilitie - Funded - Unfunded | es | 22,360 (32,660) | | 18,990 (30,590) |
| Related deferred tax liability | | - | | - |
| Deficit in the scheme | | (10,300) | | (11,600) |

25 Pension and similar obligations

Local Government Pension Scheme (continued)

| Analysis of the amount charged to income and expenditure ac | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
|---|------------------------------------|---|
| Employer service cost (net of employee contributions) Past service cost Total operating charge | (760) - (760) | (650) (50) (700) |
| Analysis of pension finance income / (costs) | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
| Expected return on pension scheme assets Interest on pension liabilities Pension finance costs | 1,230 (1,270) (40) | 1,320 (1,390) (70) |
| Amount recognised in the statement of total recognised gains | and losses (ST 2013 £'000 | FRGL) 2012 £'000 |
| Actuarial gain / (loss) on pension scheme assets Actuarial losses on scheme liabilities Actuarial gain / (loss) recognised in STRGL | 1,640 (190) 1,450 | (1,070) (2,910) (3,980) |
| Movement in surplus/(deficit) during year | 2013 | 2012 |
| Deficit in scheme at 1 August | £'000 (11,600) | £'000 (7,530) |
| Movement in year: Employer service cost (net of employee contributions) Employer contributions Past service cost Net interest/return on assets Actuarial gain / (loss) | (760) 650 - (40) 1,450 | (650) 680 (50) (70) (3,980) |
| Deficit in scheme at 31 July | (10,300) | (11,600) |

25 Pension and similar obligations

Local Government Pension Scheme (continued)

| Asset and | Liability | Reconciliation |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|
|-----------|-----------|----------------|

| Passet and Elability Reconciliation | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Reconciliation of Liabilities | | |
| Liabilities at start of period | | |
| Opening present value of liabilities | (30,590) | (26,260) |
| Interest cost | (1,270) | (1,390) |
| Current service cost | (760) | (650) |
| Contributions by participants | (210) | (210) |
| Actuarial loss | (190) | (2,910) |
| Benefits paid | 360 | 880 |
| Past Service cost | - | (50) |
| Liabilities at end of period* | (32,660) | (30,590) |
| Reconciliation of Assets | | |
| Assets at start of period | 18,990 | 18,730 |
| Expected return on assets | 1,230 | 1,320 |
| Actuarial gain / (loss) | 1,640 | (1,070) |
| Employer contributions | 650 | 680 |
| The state of the s | 000 | 000 |
| Employee contributions | 210 | 210 |
| The state of the s | (5)(5)(5) | |

The estimated value of employer contributions for the year ended 31st July 2014 is £670,000.

Deficit contributions

The college entered into an agreement with the LGPS to make additional contributions of £175,000 per annum in addition to normal funding levels until the next full valuation at which point the situation will be reviewed again.

25 Pension and similar obligations

Local Government Pension Scheme (continued)

| History of experience gains and losses | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 | 2009 |
|--|-------|---------|------|-------|---------|
| Difference between the expected and actual return on assets: | 1,640 | (1,070) | 240 | 1,640 | (1,910) |
| Amount £'000* | | | | | |
| Experience gains and losses on scheme liabilities: Amount £'000* | (10) | (160) | 940 | 270 | (70) |
| Total amount recognised in STRGL: Amount £'000* | 1,450 | (3,980) | 140 | 2,360 | (4,250) |

In accordance with Paragraph 79 of FRS17 (as revised), unfunded liabilities are disclosed separately for periods beginning on or after 6 April 2007. The history of experience loss on liabilities shown has not been restated for periods ending 2008 and 2007 and includes the experience relating to unfunded liabilities.

26 Capital commitments

| | Group and College | |
|--|-------------------|---------------|
| | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
| Commitments contracted for at 31 July | 2,929 | 2,815 |
| Authorised but not contracted at 31 July | NIL | NIL |

Capital commitments relate to £2,929,000 balance of works out of the £3,099,000 capital project.

27 Financial commitments

At 31 July the College had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as

| | Group and College | |
|--|-------------------|-------|
| | 2013 | 2012 |
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Land and buildings | | |
| Expiring within one year | | 23 |
| Expiring within two and five years inclusive | 37 | - |
| Expiring in over five years | - | - |
| | 37 | 23 |
| Other | | |
| Expiring within one year | 180 | 297 |
| Expiring within two and five years inclusive | 853 | 863 |
| Expiring in over five years | 62 | |
| | 1,095 | 1,160 |

28 Contingent liability

The College was advised by its pension actuaries to take a bond from its catering contractor of £102,000 against default on its employer pension contributions. The college does not feel it is required to make a provision for this matter and has not taken up the bond.

29 Related party transactions

Owing to the nature of the College's operations and the composition of the Board of Governors being drawn from local public and private sector organisations, it is inevitable that transactions will take place with organisations in which a member of the board of governors may have an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the College's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

Transactions with the LSC and its successor organisations and HEFCE are detailed in notes 2, 13, and 17.

30 Amounts disbursed as agent

Learner support funds

| | 2013 £'000 | 2012 £'000 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Funding body grants – hardship support Funding body grants – childcare | 265 286 | 364 109 |
| | 551 | 473 |
| Disbursed to students Staffing | (551) | (461) |
| Administration costs | | (12) |
| Balance unspent as at 31 July, included in creditors | | |

Funding body grants are available solely for students. In the majority of instances, the College only acts as a paying agent. In these circumstances, the grants and related disbursements are therefore excluded from the income and expenditure account. The income and expenditure consolidated in the College's financial statements relates to the purchase of some equipment from the access fund and the payment of accommodation by the College on the student's behalf.

